## THE

## REHEARSAL.

1. The wrong Notions of the Heathen in feveral things, for want of Revelation. Particularly as to Government.

2. Concerning Oral Tradition.

me

ork ofe

eri-

107 b'u'd

the hat

fay

igs,

em.

rial For

to

hey

em.

ven ho'

nad OF

aug.

gs,

nce

it

rld

my

Co-

of

d: or,

n-

g-

ill :20

g,

he

re

A.

Actions better Transmitted than Opinions. The Mischies of Oral Tradition.

Objection against the Soul being Material.

6. Dr. Coward's Answer to Matth. x. 28.

## WEDNESDAY, May 7. 1707.

(1.) Rehearfal. Broke off short last time in shewing you how the Heathen Philosophers had Bewilder'd themselves, for want of Revelation, in their Conjectures about the Beginning of the World.

I have shew'd before how they ran into the like mistakes concerning the Original of Government: for they not knowing how the World or Mankind began, Fancy'd to them-felves Original States of Nature, such as never were in the World, of Men all Loofe, and Independent of Each other; and how they Comriv'd and Erected GOVERNMENT, for their own Conveniency, and by their own Authority. But that as foon as they Embrac'd Christianity, and were Instructed out of the Holy Scriptures, they threw away all these foolish Imaginations, and believ'd Government to have been Founded by God, and to be vefled with His Authority. But our Whiggs Quote their Sayings while they were Heathen, but Reject them after they became Christians; and run down the Holy Scriptures, whence they had their Information. All which I have before Abundantly shew'd.

(2.) Country-m. We are not now upon the Subject of Government. But I have a Question to Ask you upon what you faid last time. You faid, That the Notion of the Immortality of the Soul, you suppos'd, had Defcended to the Heathen Philosophers by Immemorial Tradition from the Beginning of the World, and so to be Founded upon the first Revelation given of it to Adam. Will not this be a strong Proof of that Oral Tra-

dition fo much Contended for by the Papists?

Rebears. Rather against it, Country-man.

For that Notion of the Immortality of the Soul was Loft among many of the Heathen Philosophers and Nations. And they who fet it up, and from whom others of them afterwards took it, were fuch as we have all Reafon to Believe were not only Conversant among the Jews, but had got a fight of their Scriptures of the Old Testament. So that the Written Tradition Preserv'd the Oral, and with- berty and Property!

out it the Oral fail'd. We cannot Suppose the Egyptians to have been Ignorant of the Jewish Religion, among whom the Israelites sojourn'd 430 Years. And Egypt was then the Great Fountain of Learning. And from them to the Chaldeans, and then to the Greeks and Romans, the Transition is Easie. Plato said many things almost in the words of the Scriptures. Not to mention Seneca, and others Later, who Flourish'd after the Gospel was Publish'd.

(3.) Country-m. But you say, That several Institutions, as of Sacrifice, Priesthood, Marriage, &c. were kept up among the Heathen, and these were Universally kept up, by all forts of People: Why was not then that Notion of the Immortality of the Soul as Univerfally and Steddily carry'd on, as these other Institutions?

Rehears. The Belief of the Immortality of the Soul, or of any thing elfe, is an Act of the Mind. It is nothing to be outwardly done.

And outward Altions are much Easier kept up, and Transmitted from hand to hand, than Opinions or Notions of things; which may Vary and Change by Degrees in ones own Mind, and so to others, without any Publick Notice being taken of it.

Country-m. I profess I find this Plainly. For the I have Forgot twenty of those Foolish Plays I us'd when I was a Boy, yet when I fee Boys in the Street at those same Plays, it brings them into my Mind again, and I can Remember fince I was at those same Plays my self. Thus I see Traditions are kept up in Actions, even among Children. But I remember not a word of what I Thought at that Age. Thus Actions may be kept up, when the Beginning or Reason of them may be Quite Forgor and Lost. I doubt not but ther was a Beginning and a Reason too for that Custom now among us of Throwing at Cocks on Shrove-tide. But that is not known with any of us Country-Folks; But the Custom is still kept up, and a Boy that were Hinder'd from this, wou'd be Apt to Rebell, as for his Li-

(41)

(4.) Rehears. The Reason of that Custom is an Oral Tradition, and it is Lost; because it was not put into Writing, and such Books. Transmitted down to us. God order'd Moses to Write the Law that He gave him in a Book, and that that Book shou'd be carefully kept, and Transmitted down to Posterity. Why do's the Church of Rome take such Care to Write and Print the Asts of their Councils, and the suppos'd Decretals of their Popes, and their senseless Legends? Cannot they Trust their Oral Tradition with all these, to which they Trust even their Faith? It is Evident that the Cabala or Oral Tradition of the Jews is the main Handle with them to Pervert their own Scriptures, and Harden them against their True Messiah. And thus in the Church of Rome, their Oral Tradition is the Interpreter of all Scriptures.

(5.) Country-m. I am sufficiently Satisfy'd in this Point. Now let us Return to Dr. Coward. You have Excus'd me from his Philosophical Niceties. But I will only fay thus much in my Plain Natural way, That it feems to me Incomprehensible, how a Piece of Earth can be wrought up to the Capacity of Thinking, and having Free will and Choice; but much more how it shou'd have a Conscience, and Sense of Moral or Im-Moral Actions; but above all, how it can have any Religion, or the Knowlege of a God. Can bare Matter do all this? If you come in with what Omnipotence can do, there I am ftopt! But I only observe, That when Omnipotence is Pleaded on Account of the Incarnation, Resurrection, and other Mysteries of our Religion, these Men Laugh at it, and call it a Subterfuge for Ignorance. Yet they themselves Recur to it in Philosophical Disputes, where they Pretend to Judge only by Reason!

But now the Islae betwixt Dr. Coward and me is brought only to Scripture. And you tell me of several Answers have been Wrote to him. But let me Come in with my Clutcht-Fist, I will not Dally with him, nor go about to Trip, I'll Knock him Down at once. I fancy I have as good skill in the Scriptures as he, for I Read them as oft, I believe, in my Family, and go as oft to Church as the

Doctor.

(6.) And now I begin with him. What do's he fay to that Text Matth. x. 28. Fear not them which can kill the Body, but are not able to kill the Soul?

Rehears. He says in his Second Thoughts, 1st. Edit. p. 281. and 2d. Edit. p. 162. And in his Farther Thoughts, p. 38. That by Soul here no more is meant but Life, that is, the Life of the Body.

Country-m. Then the Text runs thus according to his Interpretation, Fear not them which can Kill the Body, but are not able to Kill

the Life of the Body.

Rehears. He says in the Places before Quoted, that to Kill the Life is not a Proper expression, and to Kill the Soul is, says he, as Great a SOL & ECISM, because the Soul means no more than the Life. And therefore says

he, As to the literal Expression of Killing the Sonl, I have no Reason to be Bound by it.

Country-m. This is fair Play. He will not be Bound by the Expressions of Scripture! He had as good say, Throw them all away, for I will not be Bound by them. This is his Meaning throughout. He calls this Expression a Solacism, that is, I suppose, a Blunder or Non-Sense. But it is his Interpretation only that makes it so. That Men are not able to Kill the Soul, in our sense of the Word, is Plain and Easy. But if by the Soul no more is Meant than the Life of the Bady, then indeed it is Non-Sense, Solacism, and what he will. And if he had any Regard to the Scripture, this wou'd be enough to turn him from his Opinion, that it makes Non-sense of the Scriptures. It makes St. Matthew say, That a Man may Kill the Body, and yet not take away the Life of the Body.

Reheaf. He fays, ther are feveral Figura.

4.

(1

Co

th

Fi

Th

in

BI

in

dy

th

fu fa

feb

Literally, as, This is my Body, &c.

Country-m. But where is the Figure in this of St. Matthew? Ther is none but what he makes, to suppose that the Soul means no more than the Life of the Body. And this makes the Text, as he says, a Solacism. In a Figure, if we put the thing Meant instead of the Figure, it makes the Expression Plain. As This is the Representative of my Body. But it is Quite Contrary here, for to put the Life of the Body for the word Soul, which the Dr. says is the true Meaning, is that which makes the Solacism, and all the Difficulty. The Expression is Easie in the Literal Sense.

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAcrifice the Divine Service, from the Colvenant of Grace, to the Confummation of the Mystery of Man's Redemption. By J. Scandret, Priest of the Church of England: To which is prefix'd a Letter to the Author, from the Reverend Mr. Sharles Leslie; Chancellor of the Cathedral of Connor, in the Kingdom of Ireland.

Emoirs of the Affairs of Scotland, containing a full and Impartial Account of the Revolution in that Kingdom, begun in 1567. Faithfully Publish'd from an Authentick M S. By Her Majesty's Historiographer for the

Kingdom of Scotland.

A Parallel between the Faith and Doctrine of the present Quakers, and that of the Chief Hereticks in all Ages of the Church And also a Parallel between Quakerism and Popery.

And also a Parallel between Quakerism and Popery.

A N Answer to some Queries, concerning Schism, Toleration, &c. In a Letter a Friend.

The Reasonableness of a Toleration Enquired into, purely on Church Principles in several Letters.

CAffandra (but I hope not) telling what will come of it, 2 parts, in answer to the Occa-

The Wolf Stript of his Shepherds Cloathing, in answer to a late Celebrated Book intitul'd Moderation a Vertue.

THE Establishment of the Church, the Preservation of the State.